



PRI REPORTING FRAMEWORK 2019 Direct — Private Equity

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Understanding this document

In addition to the detailed indicator text and selection options, in each module of the PRI Reporting Framework, you can find information that will help you to identify which indicators are relevant for your organisation.

Top bar

Key information about each indicator is highlighted in the top bar, including the indicator status (mandatory or voluntary), the purpose of the indicator and the PRI Principle to which it relates.

	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
xxx 01	MANDATORY	CORE ASSESSED	PRI 2

Indicator status

indicator status		
MANDATORY	Mandatory indicators reflect core practices. These responses will be made public and must be completed to submit the framework.	
MANDATORY TO REPORT VOLUNTARY TO DISCLOSE	Some indicators are mandatory to complete, but voluntary to disclose. These indicators may determine which subsequent indicators are applicable or are used for peering, but they may also contain commercially sensitive information.	
VOLUNTARY	Voluntary indicators reflect alternative or advanced practices. These indicators are voluntary to report and disclose.	
Purpose		
Gateway	The responses to this indicator 'unlock' other indicators within a module if	

Peering

These indicators are used to determine your peer groups for assessment purposes.

they are relevant for your organisation. Please refer to the logic box for more

Core assessed 🗼

These indicators form the core of the assessment and represent the majority of your final assessment score.

Additional **
assessed

These indicators represent more advanced or alternative practices and contribute to a smaller part of your score.

Descriptive These are open-ended narrative indicators, allowing you to describe your activities.

information.

Underneath the indicator

Underneath the indicator, you can find the explanatory notes and definitions that include important information on interpreting and completing the indicators. Read the logic box to make sure an indicator is applicable to you.

xxx 01	EXPLANATORY NOTES
xxx 01.1 xxx 01.2	This provides guidance about how to interpret the sub-indicators, including examples of what could be reported.
LOGIC	
xxx 01	This explains when this indicator is applicable and/or if it has an impact on subsequent indicators. If there is no logic box, the indicator is always applicable and does not affect other indicators.
ASSESSMENT	
xxx 01	This provides a brief overview of the pilot assessment approach for this indicator.

xxx 01	DEFINITIONS	
xxx 01	Specific terms that are used in the indicator are defined here.	

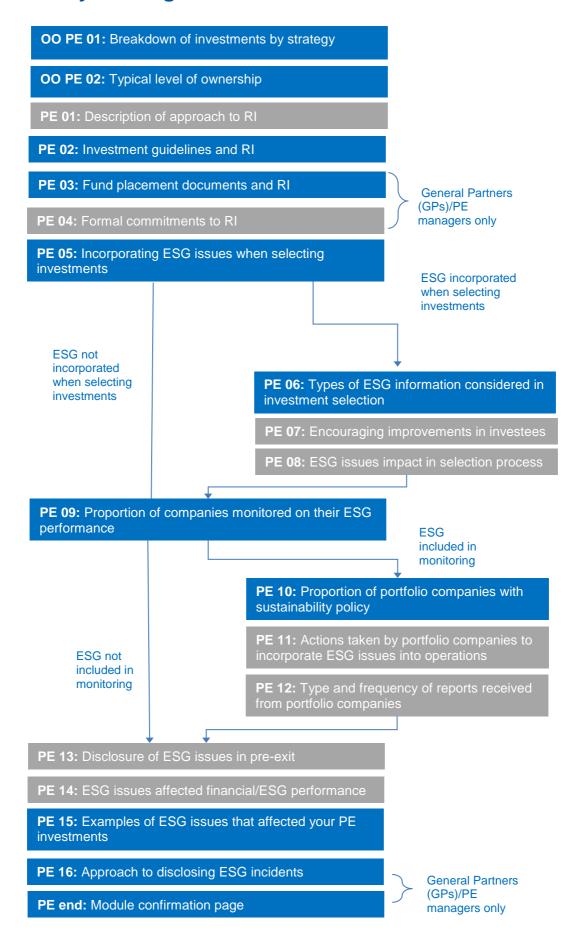


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Pathways through the module



Preface

This module seeks information from general partners (GPs), private equity (PE) fund managers or limited partners (LPs) that act as direct investors or co-investors in portfolio companies. Indirect private equity investments made by selecting a GP or through a fund-of-funds should be reported in the *Indirect—Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring (SAM)* module. If your co-investment programme does not differ from your standard approach to ESG in manager selection, then co-investments can be reported in the *Indirect-Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring (SAM)* module also.

Investments in publicly listed companies are typically reported in the *Listed Equity—Active Ownership (LEA)* and *Listed Equity—Incorporation (LEI)* modules, but they may be reported in this module when they form part of a PE strategy (i.e. during a take-private or IPO process).

Investments in private debt are reported in the *Direct—Fixed Income (FI)* module under *Corporate (non-financial) debt*. Property and Infrastructure investments are reported in the dedicated *Direct—Property (PR)* and *Direct—Infrastructure (INF)* modules.

Some of the indicators in this module also overlap, partially or fully, with the following standards/initiatives, and this overlap has been noted in the Explanatory Notes under the relevant indicators:

- The PRI <u>Limited Partners' Responsible Investment Due Diligence Questionnaire (PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ)</u>
- The PRI guidance on <u>ESG monitoring</u>, reporting and dialogue in private equity (PRI ESG monitoring/reporting guidance)
- The Institutional Limited Partners Association <u>Due Diligence Questionnaire</u> Version 1.2 (ILPA DDQ).

Please note that this module seeks information at the organisational level and for your private equity investments in aggregate, not at a fund-by-fund level.

The module has two main sections:

- pre-investment processes, i.e., initial screening, due diligence and investment decision-making processes that your organisation has in place for new private equity investments; and
- post-investment processes, i.e., consideration of ESG issues in private equity investment monitoring and implementation processes.



PE	DEFINITIONS	
General partner/manager	A general partner (GP) typically refers to an investment firm that raises private equity funds, with the responsibility for selecting and managing investments.	
Limited partner/clients	A limited partner (LP)/client may refer to institutional investors, sovereign and endowment funds, family offices and high net-worth individuals. These organisations typically act as investors in a fund and as limited partners do not take part in the fund's active management.	

Summary of updates

The Private Equity module has not changed significantly since 2018. Some minor amendments have been made to improve data quality or assessment. The guidance has also been clarified throughout.

2018 Indicator	Update summary
PE 02	PE 02.2 Indicator has been reworded.

To view a detailed summary of changes to the modules, please click here.

For any word limit in the module, please click <u>here.</u>



Overview

	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
PE 01	VOLUNTARY	DESCRIPTIVE	PRI 1-6

PE 01	INDICATOR	
PE 01.1	Provide a brief overview of your organisation's approach to responsible investment in private equity.	

PE 01	EXPLANATORY NOTES	
PE 01	The information reported in this indicator will provide context on your organisation's private equity investments and your approach towards responsible investment in private equity.	
PE 01.1	This may include a discussion of how your private equity investment strategy(ies) (i.e., level of ownership, type of sectors and companies, geographical spread, etc.) affect the way you may influence your private equity investments and thus responsible investment implementation.	



	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
PE 02	MANDATORY	CORE ASSESSED	PRI 2

PE 02	INDICATOR
PE 02.1	Indicate whether your organisation's investment activities are guided by a responsible investment policy / follow responsible investment guidelines.
	 Our investment activities are guided by a responsible investment policy. Our investment activities are not guided by a responsible investment policy. We do not have a responsible investment policy.
PE 02.2	Describe the scope of the responsible investment/guidelines, and how your organisation [outlines or conveys] its expectations on responsible investment to internal staff and portfolio company management. [OPTIONAL]

PE 02	EXPLANATORY NOTES
	Investment guidelines
PE 02	Refers to either general private equity investment guidelines with reference to responsible investment or dedicated responsible investment guidelines/policy.
	The Strategy & Governance (SG) module covers your organisation's responsible investment policy while this indicator focuses on the specifics of how responsible investment is implemented and ESG issues are considered in private equity pre- and post-investment. If there is overlap, please report your policy and guidelines in both SG and here.
	The content of this indicator overlaps with:
	 PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 1.1 ILPA DDQ 10.1 (under Basic Questions)
	You may include a description and discussion of:
	 Coverage of the responsible investment guidelines the range of ESG issues covered by the guidelines
	 Whether the guidelines define relevant ESG issues for all and/or a subset of sectors in your investment universe
	 Whether the guidelines are based on recognised international principles, codes or standards
PE 02.2	Whether the guidelines define ESG-related responsibilities for internal staff
	 Whether there are any major exceptions or variations in your organisation's implementation of the guidelines
	The content of this indicator overlaps with:
	 PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 1.2, 1.3 ILPA DDQ 10.2, 10.4 (under Basic Questions)
LOGIC	



PE 02	[PE 02.2] will be applicable if 'Our investment guidelines do refer to responsible investment' is reported in [PE 02.1].		
ASSESSMENT			
PE 02	Maximum score: Three ★ The assessment of this indicator is based on your res Indicator scoring methodology	sponses to [PE 02.1].	
	Selected response	Level score	Further Details
	'We do not have a responsible investment policy' OR 'Our investment activities are not guided by a responsible investment policy'	•	
	'Our investment guidelines are guided by a responsible investment 'policy'	***	



Fund-raising of private equity funds

	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
PE 03	MANDATORY	CORE ASSESSED	PRI 1,4,6

PE 03	INDICATOR	
PE 03.1	Indicate whether your most recent fund placement documents (private placement memorandum (PPM) or similar) refer to responsible investment.	
	YesNoNot applicable as our organisation does not fund-raise	
PE 03.2	Indicate how your most recent fund placement documents (PPM or similar) refer to the following responsible investment.	
	□ Policy and commitment to responsible investment	
	□ Approach to ESG issues in pre-investment processes	
	□ Approach to ESG issues in post-investment processes	
	□ Approach to ESG reporting	
PE 03.3	Describe how your organisation refers to responsible investment in fund placement documents (PPMs or similar). [OPTIONAL]	
PE 03.4	Explain why your organisation does not fund-raise.	

PE 03	EXPLANATORY NOTES
	This indicator covers the fund-raising process in which the relationship between the direct investor/ general partner (GP) and the indirect investor client/limited partner (LP) is established. A fund placement document, Private Placement Memorandum (PPM) or similar document issued by the GP about a particular fund can provide the LP with a general sense of your approach to responsible investment and management of ESG issues.
PE 03	The indicator is applicable for general partners (GPs)/PE fund managers only. It is not applicable for asset owners that are directly or co-investing in private equity.
	If your organisation does not fund-raise, please select "Not applicable because our organisation does not fund-raise".
	If your organisation does fund-raise but was not actively fund-raising during the reporting year, please select the option that best represents your typical approach. As a general rule, this is the approach your organisation used in your most recent round of fund-raising.

	For an explanation of the ESG-related information that GPs might include in their PPM, refer to the PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ.			
	The content of this indicators overlaps with:			
	PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 1.2, 1.3			
	ILPA DDQ 10.2, 10.4 (under Basic Questions)			
	You may include a discussion of your fund placement document's/PPM's coverage:			
	 Policy (e.g., reference to responsible in throughout all investment stages) 	nvestment and cor	sideration of ESG issues	
PE 03.3	 Pre-investment (e.g., processes such as issues in these) 	due diligence and	the consideration of ESG	
. = 00.0	Post-investment (e.g., ESG implementation achievements and identifying opportunities that consider ESG issues, until exit)			
	Please report on any fund placement documents and PPMs issued recently, not necessarily the reporting year.			
LOGIC				
	[PE 04] will not be applicable if you report "Not applicable as our organisation does not fund-raise" in [PE 03.1].			
PE 03	[PE 03.2] and [PE 03.3] will be applicable if 'Yes' is reported in [PE 03.1].			
	[PE 03.4] will be applicable if 'Not Applicable' is reported in [PE 03.1].			
ASSESSMENT				
ASSESSMI	ENT			
ASSESSMI	ENT Maximum score: Three *			
ASSESSMI PE 03	I	r response to [PE	03.2]. Asset owners/limited	
	Maximum score: Three ★ The assessment of this indicator is based on you			
	Maximum score: Three * The assessment of this indicator is based on you partners are not assessed on this indicator. If you report "Not applicable as our organisation doe			
	Maximum score: Three * The assessment of this indicator is based on you partners are not assessed on this indicator. If you report "Not applicable as our organisation doe of your score.			
	Maximum score: Three ★ The assessment of this indicator is based on you partners are not assessed on this indicator. If you report "Not applicable as our organisation doe of your score. Indicator scoring methodology	s not fund-raise", th	is indicator will not form part	
	Maximum score: Three ★ The assessment of this indicator is based on you partners are not assessed on this indicator. If you report "Not applicable as our organisation doe of your score. Indicator scoring methodology Selected response	s not fund-raise", th	is indicator will not form part	
	Maximum score: Three * The assessment of this indicator is based on you partners are not assessed on this indicator. If you report "Not applicable as our organisation doe of your score. Indicator scoring methodology Selected response 'No'	s not fund-raise", th	is indicator will not form part	

PE 03	DEFINITIONS
Fund placement documents or Private Placement Memorandum (PPM)	A fund placement document or Private Placement Memorandum (PPM) provides a broad range of information to help potential investors learn about the firm and its investment strategy as well as the proposed summary terms and conditions of the investment opportunity. These types of documents are also known as an "Offering Memorandum". A private equity firm will issue a fund placement documents or PPM to prospective limited partners/investors when it is attempting to raise capital through a fund offering.



PE 04	INDICATOR		
PE 04.1	Indicate whether your organisation made formal commitments to responsible investment in the Limited Partnership Agreement (LPA) of your most recent fund(s), or through side letters when requested by investors.		
	O Yes		
	☐ In LPA, incorporated in the original draft as standard procedure		
	☐ In LPA, as requested by investors		
	☐ In side letter(s)		
	☐ Other, please specify		
	O No		
	☐ We do not make formal commitments to RI in our fund terms		
	☐ We were not requested by our investors to make formal commitments to RI in our fund terms		
PE 04.2	Additional information		

PE 04	EXPLANATORY NOTES	
	The indicator is applicable for general partners (GPs)/PE fund managers only. It is not applicable for asset owners that are directly or co-investing in private equity.	
PE 04	For an explanation of how GPs might approach this aspect of responsible investment, refer to PRI guidance on Incorporating responsible investment requirements into private equity fund terms.	
	This of this indicator overlaps with:	
	PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 1.4	
	Fund formation contracts, Limited Partnership Agreements (LPAs)	
PE 04.1	Formal commitments on responsible investment implementation and consideration of ESG issues can be requested by investors/LPs and included in fund formation contracts, LPAs and/or side letters. The GP might formalise their commitments to responsible investment in the first draft of the LPA which is presented to LPs. The LP will review the document and may negotiate ESG-related provisions with the GP, resulting in either the LPA being amended or the GP granting specific ESG provisions in a side letter to that particular LP before its admittance to the fund.	
	Please report on any fund formation contracts, LPAs and side letters drawn up for your most recent fund(s), not necessarily during the reporting year.	
	You may include a discussion of how your organisation's responsible investment commitments are formalised:	
PE 04.2	 Adoption and alignment of policies between GP and LP in relationship to responsible investment and ESG issues 	
	Commitments to any external principles, standards and guidelines	
	Exclusion of investments in certain areas, either based on a GP's/manager's own restrictions or in accordance with the LP's requirements	



- Processes in place to deliver approach towards responsible investment and consideration of ESG issues
- Listing of specific E, S and G issues (e.g., climate change and remuneration) and how they will be dealt with (if required)
- How reporting on ESG issues will be carried out during the life of the fund(s)
- How and when potential incidents among portfolio companies will be communicated to investors.

You may also use this indicator to explain why you do not make formal commitments to RI in your fund terms.

LOGIC

PE 04

This section (indicators [PE 03] and [PE 04]) is about responsible investment and ESG inclusion in relation to fund-raising and promotion of funds. It is therefore applicable only to general partners (GPs)/PE fund managers. It is not applicable for co-investing asset owners (AOs)/limited partners (LPs).

ASSESSMENT

PE 04

Maximum score: Three ★

The assessment of this indicator is based on your response to [PE 04.1]. Organisations with clients that do not ask them to make formal commitments to responsible investment will not be assessed on this indicator, and it will be removed from the denominator of their PE module score.

Asset owners/limited partners are not assessed on this indicator.

Indicator scoring methodology

Selected response	Level score	Further Details
"We were not requested by our clients to make formal commitments to RI in our fund terms"	N/A	
"No"	0	
Only "Other" is selected	*	
Any other option	***	Any selection of the first three options



Pre-investment (selection)

	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
PE 05	MANDATORY	GATEWAY	PRI 1

PE 05	INDICATOR		
PE 05.1	During due diligence, indicate if your organisation typically incorporates ESG issues when selecting private equity investments.		
	O Yes	O No	
PE 05.2	Describe your organisation's approach to incorporating ESG issues in private equity investment selection.		
PE 05.3	Additional information [OPTIONAL]		

PE 05	EXPLANATORY NOTES		
PE 05	This gateway indicator allows you to report whether your organisation incorporates ESG issues when selecting investments. The details of your processes will be captured in subsequent indicators.		
FE 03	The content of this indicator overlaps with:		
	PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 2.2		
	Describe your approach in terms of the different stages leading up to the investment decision.		
	This may include a discussion of:		
	 Whether the incorporation of ESG issues in pre-investment is determined by client mandates and, in that case, how it has been structured 		
	How ESG issues, short- and long-term, are incorporated into the pre-investment process		
	How you use ESG issues to assess downside risk and value creation opportunities		
PE 05.2	 Any differences in how ESG issues are taken into account in different sectors and geographic regions 		
	 How your approach to ESG issues differs between investment strategies or within strategies with significant variations 		
	Scope		
	This indicator covers all stages of your pre-investment decision making process (initial screening, due diligence, investment decision).		
LOGIC			
PE 05	Reporting "Yes" in [PE 05.1] will make [PE 06], [PE 07], and [PE 08] applicable (reporting "No" in [PE 05.1] will not trigger them).		
	[PE 05.2] will be applicable if 'Yes' is reported in [PE 05.1].		



ASSESSMENT

PE 05

This indicator is not assessed, but a 'No' response will result in a zero score for the whole of the pre-investment section.

PE 05	DEFINITIONS
ESG incorporation	Please see the document Main Definitions.



	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
PE 06	MANDATORY	CORE ASSESSED	PRI 1,3

PE 06	INDICATOR		
PE 06.1	Indicate what type of ESG information your organisation typically considers during your private equity investment selection process.		
	□ Raw data from target company		
	☐ Benchmarks against other companies		
	□ Sector level data/benchmarks		
	☐ Country level data/benchmarks		
☐ Reporting standards, industry codes and certifications			
	☐ International initiatives, declarations or standards		
☐ Engagements with stakeholders (e.g., customers and suppliers)			
	☐ Advice from external resources		
	☐ Other; specify		
	☐ We do not track this information.		
PE 06.2	Describe how this information is reported to, considered and documented by the Investment Committee or similar.		



PE 06	EXPLANATORY NOTES			
	This may include a discussion of:			
	Sources for ESG issues from which you often seek information			
	Whether there is a difference between the sources used by internal and external advisors			
PE 06.2	Whether your organisation keeps records of ESG information considered in the investment selection process			
	The content of this indicator overlaps with:			
	PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 2	2.2, 2.4		
LOGIC				
PE 06	[PE 06] is applicable if "Yes" is reported in [PE 05.1]			
ASSESSME	ASSESSMENT			
DE 00	Maximum score: Three ★			
PE 06	The assessment of this indicator is based on y	our response to [PE 06	6.1].	
	Indicator scoring methodology			
i I	Selected response	Level score	Further Details	
	'We do not track this information' or 1 selection			
	2 selections	*	Including if 'other' is selected	
	3–4 selections	**	Including if 'other' is selected	
	More than 4 selections	***	Including if 'other' is selected	



	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
PE 07	VOLUNTARY	ADDITIONAL ASSESSED	PRI 1,2

PE 07	INDICATOR
PE 07.1	During deal structuring, what is the process for integrating ESG-related considerations into the deal documentation and/or the post-investment action plan?
	 Yes □ Formally/through a post-investment action plan or value enhancement plan □ Verbally/through dialogue □ Other; specify ○ We do not set expectations for portfolio companies on ESG-related considerations
PE 07.2	Describe the nature of these improvements and provide examples (if any) from the reporting year.
PE 07.3	Additional information

PE 07	EXPLANATORY NOTES		
PE 07	This indicator covers whether the General Partner (GP) typically encourages continuous improvements of portfolio companies' management of ESG issues. This may take place during the deal structuring process (but does not necessarily have to be in the form of a legally binding agreement) or post investment. Upon acquisition, the GP may wish to take a strategic approach on certain E, S and/or G issues and suggest value-enhancing activities to be implemented by companies within a given time span, e.g., as part of the 100 day plan. The content of this indicator overlaps with: PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 2.5		
LOGIC			
PE 07	[PE 07] is applicable if "Yes" is reported in [PE 05.1] [PE 07.2] will be applicable if 'Yes' is reported in [PE 07.1].		
ASSESSI	MENT		
DE 07	Maximum score: Three ★ The assessment of this indicator is based on your response to [PE 07.1].		
PE 07	Indicator scoring methodology		
	Selected response	Level score	
	'We do not set expectations for portfolio companies on ESG-related consideration'		
	'Yes – Other' ★		
	'Yes – Verbally/through dialogue' ★★		
	'Yes – Formally/through a post-investment action plan or value enhancement plan'	***	



	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
PE 08	VOLUNTARY	ADDITIONAL ASSESSED	PRI 1

PE 08	INDICATOR
PE 08.1	Indicate how ESG issues impacted your private equity investment selection processes during the reporting year.
	☐ ESG issues helped identify risks.
	☐ ESG issues helped identify opportunities for value creation.
	☐ ESG issues led to the abandonment of potential investments.
	☐ ESG issues were considered but did not have an impact on the investment selection process.
	☐ Other; specify
	☐ We do not track this potential impact.
PE 08.2	Indicate how ESG issues impacted your private equity investment deals during the reporting year.
	☐ ESG issues impacted the investment in terms of price offered and/or paid.
	☐ ESG issues were included in the post-investment action plan/100 day plan
	☐ ESG issues impacted the terms in the shareholder/purchase agreements and/or lending covenants.
	☐ ESG issues were considered but did not have an impact on the deal structuring process.
	☐ Other; specify
	☐ We do not track this potential impact.
PE 08.3	Additional information



PE 08	EXPLANATORY NOTES				
	The content of this indicator overlaps with:				
	PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 2.3				
PE 08.3	You are encouraged to generalise your impact measures, analysis and conclusions across different investment selection processes and to not report on every single deal and its individual characteristics. Indicator [PE 15] will allow your organisation to provide specific examples.				
	"ESG issues were considered but did not have an impact on the investment selection/deal structuring process" refers to situations in which no ESG issues were identified or in which ESG issues were considered during the investment selection but were considered to be below the materiality threshold and therefore did not impact the investment.				
ASSESSME	SESSMENT				
PE 08	Maximum score: Three ★				
F L 00	The assessment of this indicator is based on your response to [PE 08.1] and [PE 08.2].				
	Indicator scoring methodology				
	Selected response Level score Further Details				
	'We do not track this potential impact' in PE 08.1 and PE 08.2.				
	One selection in either PE 08.1 OR PE 08.2. Including if 'other' is sel				
	At least one selection in PE 08.1 AND PE 08.2. ★★				
	At least three selections from PE 08.1 AND PE 08.2.				



Post-investment (monitoring)

	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
PE 09	MANDATORY	GATEWAY/CORE ASSESSED	PRI 2

PE 09	INDICATOR	
PE 09.1	Indicate whether your organisation incorporates ESG issues in investment monitoring of portfolio companies.	
	O Yes	○ No
PE 09.2	Indicate the proportion of portfolio companies where your organisation included ESG performance in investment monitoring during the reporting year.	
	○ >90% of portfolio companie ○ 51-90% of portfolio compar	
	○ 10-50% of portfolio compar	
	O <10% of portfolio companie	es
	(in terms of total number of po	ortfolio companies)
PE 09.3	Indicate ESG issues for which similar) and provide examples	your organisation typically sets and monitors targets (KPIs or sper issue.
	ESG issues	List up to three example targets per issue
	☐ Environmental	
	□ Social	
	□ Governance	
	☐ We do not set and/or monit	or against targets.
PE 09.4	Additional information [OPTIONAL]	

PE 09	EXPLANATORY NOTES			
	This indicator aims to capture your approach to ESG performance monitoring. The type of monitoring activities undertaken can range from individual engagements with boards and/or with senior management to reviews of ESG information in portfolio company reports.			
PE 09	The content of this indicators overlaps with:			
	 PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 3. PRI Monitoring/Reporting guidance 2.2, 			
	Monitoring ESG performance when holding boa	ard seats		
PE 09.2	Leveraging a seat on the portfolio company bording by discussing with management or requesting real and not encouraging, reviewing reports or partition to be reported as monitoring.	ports, is considered monito	oring. Being on the board	
PE 09.3	ESG issues vary between sectors, portfolio information about which relevant E, S and G issue companies. For example, an environmental targ	ues you set and monitor ta	rgets for among portfolio	
	Note that it is only mandatory to report and disc column). The remaining rows per E, S and G is:			
	Investment monitoring activities			
	You may include a discussion of:			
PE 09.4	 How you monitor ESG issues on an ongoing basis and whether your approaches to ESG issues differ if the associated risks and/or opportunities are expected to occur after you invest and prior to exit 			
	How the approach might differ between sectors, geographies and PE strategies as appropriate			
	Frequency and type of communication with senior management and the board			
LOGIC				
PE 09	If you report "Yes" in [PE 09.1], indicators [PE 1 [PE 09.1] they will not be applicable.	10 - PE 12] will be applicat	ole. If you report "No" in	
	[PE 09.2] and [PE 09.3] will be applicable if "Ye	s" is reported in [PE 09.1].		
ASSESSME	ENT			
PE 09	Maximum score: Three ★			
	The assessment of this indicator is based on yo	our response to [PE 09.2].		
	Indicator scoring methodology			
	Selected response	Level score	Further Details	
	Indicator scoring methodology			
	0% or <10%	0		
	10-50% of portfolio companies	*		
	51–90% of portfolio companies	**		
	>90% of portfolio companies ***			



PE 10	Indicator status MANDATORY	Purpose CORE ASSESSED	Principle PRI 2
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PE 10	INDICATOR		
PE 10.1	Indicate if your organisation tracks the proportion of your portfolio companies that have an ESG/sustainability-related policy (or similar guidelines).		
	O Yes O No		
PE 10.2	Indicate what percentage of your portfolio companies has an ESG/sustainability policy (or similar guidelines).		
	○ >90% of portfolio companies		
	○ 51-90% of portfolio companies		
	○ 10-50% of portfolio companies		
	○ <10% of portfolio companies		
	○ 0% of portfolio companies		
	(in terms of total number of portfolio companies)		
PE 10.3	Additional information		
	[OPTIONAL]		



PE 10	EXPLANATORY NOTES		
PE 10.1	Report 'Yes' even if you track a sub-set of all portfolio companies' ESG/sustainability-related policy.		
	Determine the proportion by the number of all portfolio companies.		
PE 10.2	ESG/sustainability policy refers to an overall statement, stand-alone or integrated into other policies, of how portfolio companies approach relevant ESG issues in their strategy, targets, operations and/or reporting practice. Such a policy will normally address relevant E, S and/or G issues and outline the commitments and/or activities that the portfolio company undertakes to address them.		
	Include portfolio companies that already have appropriate ESG/sustainability policies, oper and/or targets and in which your organisation considers that necessary actions have been ta integrate ESG issues. These types of actions can have different levels of significance when it to implementation, depending on individual portfolio companies' need to manage and improve performance.		
PE 10.3	Portfolio assets/companies are often at different levels of development, and their progress towards incorporating ESG issues within their policies and operations may differ. For example, some companies may even have been acquired due to their poor ESG performance (on the basis that any improvement in this area may create growth opportunities and potentially increase value). You may highlight how these kinds of variations affect your reported information.		
LOGIC			
PE 10	[PE 10] is applicable if 'Yes' is reported in [PE 09.1].		
PE 10	[PE 10.2] will be applicable if "Yes" is reported in [PE 10.1].		
ASSESSME	SESSMENT		
PE 10	Maximum score: Three ★		
PEIU	The assessment of this indicator is based on	your response to [PE 10	.2].
	Indicator scoring methodology		
	Selected response Level score Further Details		
	0% or <10%		
	10–50% of portfolio companies ★		
	51–90% of portfolio companies ★★		
	>90% of portfolio companies ***		



PE 11	INDICATOR		
PE 11.1	Indicate the types of actions taken by your portfolio companies to incorporate ESG issues into operations and what proportion of your portfolio companies has implemented these actions.		
	Types of actions taken by portfolio companies	Implemented by percentage of portfolio companies	
	☐ Allocate responsibility for ESG issues to board/senior management	 >90% of portfolio companies 51-90% of portfolio companies 10-50% of portfolio companies <10% of portfolio companies We do not track this information. (in terms of total number of portfolio companies) 	
	☐ Composition of board ensures ESG expertise	[same as above]	
	☐ Consider ESG issues in risk management processes	[same as above]	
	☐ Define performance targets for applicable ESG issues in operations	[same as above]	
	☐ Identify and engage external parties or stakeholders that could add value or decrease risk through ESG issues	[same as above]	
	☐ Developing/implementing an environmental/social management system (ESMS) or similar	[same as above]	
	☐ Other actions; specify	[same as above]	
	☐ None of the above		
PE 11.2	Describe how your organisation contributes to the management of ESG issues.	ne portfolio companies' resourcing and	



PE 11	EXPLANATORY NOTES			
PE 11.1	Determine the proportion by the number of all portfolio companies.			
	The type of activities undertaken can range from individual engagements with boards and/or with senior management to sharing best management practice in a workshop format attended by a number of portfolio companies. This description could cover how ESG risks and/or opportunities in general have been incorporated by your portfolio companies as a result of your ownership activities and influence (if tracked).			
PE 11.2	Portfolio assets/companies are often at different levels of development, and their progress towards incorporating ESG issues within their policies and operations may differ. For example, some companies may even have been acquired due to their poor ESG performance (on the basis that any improvement in this area may create growth opportunities and potentially increase value You may highlight how these kinds of variations affect your reported information.			
	The content of this indicator overlaps with:			
	 PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 3.3, 3.4, 3.5 PRI Monitoring/Reporting guidance 2.2 			
LOGIC	LOGIC			
PE 11	[PE 11] is applicable if 'Yes' is reported in [PE 09.1].			
ASSESSME	ASSESSMENT			
PE 11	Maximum score: Three ★			
1 - 11	The assessment of this indicator is based on your response to [PE11.1].			
	Indicator scoring methodology			
	Selected response Level score Further Details			
	No actions taken by portfolio companies			
	One action more than 0% implemented	*		
	Two or more actions more than 10% implemented ★★			
	Three actions or more than 50% implemented	***		

PE 11	DEFINITIONS
Environmental/So cial Management System	A management system (both formal and informal) consisting of procedures, management commitment, delineation of roles and responsibilities and guidance followed to review and manage the E&S issues and risks.



PE 12	INDICATOR		
PE 12.1	Indicate the type and frequency of reports you request and/or receive from portfolio companies covering ESG issues.		
	Type of reporting	Typical reporting frequency	
	☐ Overarching portfolio company reports	Quarterly or more frequentlyBiannually	
	(or similar) in which management disclosure, financial and ESG data are integrated	O Annually	
		O Less frequently than annually	
		O Ad hoc/when requested; specify	
	☐ Stand-alone reports highlighting targets and/or KPIs covering ESG issues	[same as above]	
	☐ Other; specify	[same as above]	
	☐ No reporting on ESG issues requested and/or provided by portfolio companies		
PE 12.2	Describe what level of reporting you require from portfolio companies, and indicate what percentage of your assets are covered by ESG reporting.		

PE 12	EXPLANATORY NOTES
	This indicator seeks information about how you ask portfolio companies to measure their ESG efforts and report this information
PE 12	The content of this indicator overlaps with:
	PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 3.2.
	You may include a description and discussion of:
	The nature of the ESG information that your organisation requests from portfolio companies
	Whether some types of ESG information are requested more frequently than others
PE 12.2	 Whether the format of information is based on internal or external standards, metrics or templates. External templates and guidance for portfolio companies could include those of the International Finance Corporation (IFC), Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) and the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC)
	 Whether you believe your interests are best served by asking portfolio companies to integrate material information into one report or if you prefer receiving separate reports.
LOGIC	
PE 12	[PE 12] is applicable if 'Yes' is reported in [PE 09.1].



	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
PE 13	VOLUNTARY	ADDITIONAL ASSESSED	PRI 2

PE 13	INDICATOR
PE 13.1	Indicate whether during the reporting year your organisation disclosed information on ESG issues to potential buyers prior to exit for private equity investments.
	O We included ESG issues in pre-exit information.
	O We did not include ESG issues in pre-exit information.
	O N/A, we did not have any exits in the reporting year.
PE 13.2	Apart from disclosure, describe how your organisation considers ESG issues at exit.
PE 13.3	Additional information.



PE 13	EXPLANATORY NOTES				
PE 13	This indicator aims to capture whether portfolio companies' ESG performance during ownership, based on what is considered relevant, and its related value is disclosed to potential buyers. Determine the proportion by the number of all ongoing and finalised exits in the reporting year.				
FE 13	The content of this indicator overlaps with:				
	PRI LP Responsible Investment DD0	Q 3.6			
You may include a discussion of how you consider ESG issues at exit, b buyers, that for example includes:			beyond disclosure to		
	 Due diligence on potential buyers (e. adherence to international standards laundering issues) 				
	 The intent of and alignment of interest change the ESG strategy of the port 		(e.g., whether a buyer will		
PE 13.2	Analysis of potential conflicts of interest	est at exit			
	 Assessment of the impact on employees, local communities and local environment of the exit; and/or 				
	The transparency of the deal structure and reputational risk (e.g., the exit will trigger media attention)				
	You may also comment on whether ESG considerations at exit are determined by the mandate and who, internally and externally, is involved with ESG issues when exiting investments.				
ASSESSME	ENT				
	Maximum score: Three ★				
PE 13	The assessment of this indicator is based on y	your response to [PE 13.	1].		
	Indicator scoring methodology				
	Selected response	Level score	Further Details		
	'N/A, we did not have any exits in the reporting year'				
	'We did not include ESG issues in exit information'				
	'We included ESG issues in pre-exit information'	***			

PE 13	DEFINITIONS
Exit	Realisations of investments made by a fund. This will normally take the form of a sale or flotation (IPO) of the portfolio company.



Outputs and outcomes

	Indicator status	Purpose	Principle
PE 14	VOLUNTARY	ADDITIONAL ASSESSED	PRI 1,2

PE 14	INDICATOR		
PE 14.1	Indicate whether your organisation measures how your approach to responsible investment in private equity investments has affected financial and/or ESG performance.		
	☐ We measure whether our approach to ESG issues impacts the financial performance of investments.		
	We measure whether our approach to ESG issues impact investments.	s the ESG performance of	
	☐ None of the above		
	Describe the impact on the following.		
		O Positive	
	a) Financial performance of investments	O Negative	
		O No impact	
		O Positive	
	b) ESG performance of investments	O Negative	
		O No impact	
PE 14.2	Describe how you are able to determine these outcomes.		



PE 14	EXPLANATORY NOTES			
	This indicator aims to capture the impact, positive or negative, of taking account and managing ESG issues on both financial and ESG performance. The impact could come from either pre-investment activities (e.g., selecting the best companies) or post-investment influencing.			
	Financial performance			
	Examples may include reduced operating expe capitalized value, etc. Note that financial risk m			
PE 14	ESG performance			
PE 14	This relates to tracking the performance of ESC of a fund or individual investment.	G risks and/or opportunit	ties throughout the lifetime	
	Examples may include water and energy efficie of health and safety incidents, etc. Note that ES category.			
	The content of this indicator overlaps with:			
	PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ	3.7		
DT 44.0	Describe how you measure the impact of ESG issues on financial returns, risks and/or ESG performance. You are strongly encouraged to report on carbon benchmarking, if this is undertaken.			
PE 14.2	You are encouraged to specify the ESG issues (e.g., greenhouse gas emissions, water consumption) and financial measures you use to assess performance and to comment on any practical issues in using these measures in your processes.			
LOGIC	OGIC			
PE 14	[PE 14.2] will be applicable if you indicate that you measure whether ESG issues affect funds' financial performance, risk/volatility or ESG performance. Only relevant rows will be applicable.			
ASSESSME	ENT			
	Maximum score: Three ★			
PE 14	The assessment of this indicator is based on you	our response to [PE 14.7	1].	
	Indicator scoring methodology			
	Selected response	Level score	Further Details	
	'No'	0		
	Measure EITHER financial or ESG performance	**		
	Measure financial AND ESG performance	***		

PE 15	Indicator status MANDATORY TO REPORT,	Purpose DESCRIPTIVE	Principle PRI 1,2
	VOLUNTARY TO DISCLOSE		

PE 15	INDICATOR				
PE 15.1	Provide examples of ESG issues that you identified in your potential and/or existing private equity investments during the reporting year.				
	Investment Stage	ESG issues	Sector(s)	Impact (or potential impact) on the investment	Activities undertaken to influence the investment and its response
	Drop down list:				
	[Initial screening, Due diligence, Investment decision, Investment monitoring, Prior to exit]				
PE 15.2	Describe how you define and evaluate the materiality of ESG factors				

PE 15	EXPLANATORY NOTES
PE 15	EXPLANATORY NOTES ESG issues Please report on either ESG risks or opportunities. Impact (or potential impact) on the investment Please report on the financial, reputational and/or ESG-related (potential) impact Activities undertaken to influence the investment and its response Describe briefly how your organisation directly or indirectly tried to influence the investment (i.e., portfolio company) to take appropriate actions. You may outline who was involved and the rationale and objective of the action. The action will inevitably depend on how ESG issues are
PE 15.1	addressed by your organisation's ownership activities and also by your ability to influence the investment, given ownership stake, governance rights, etc. Describe how the investment responded to your organisation's suggested actions and (if applicable) how their policies and operations were used to address identified ESG issues.
	The number of examples that you will be able to provide will depend on how ESG issues are incorporated into your investment processes and monitoring activities. As far as practicable, these examples should focus on your most material examples of how ESG issues are incorporated. Please note that you are not expected to name companies.
	The content of this indicator overlaps with:
	 PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 2.1 PRI Monitoring/Reporting guidance 2.1

EXAMPLE			
ESG issues	Sector(s)	Impact (or potential impact) on the investment	Activities undertaken to influence the investment and its response
Environmental	Manufacturing	Groundwater pollution identified potential future increased financial and environmental risks	An action plan was created, and mitigation actions were started.



Communication

PE 16	Indicator status MANDATORY TO REPORT VOLUNTARY TO DISCLOSE	Purpose DESCRIPTIVE	Principle PRI 6
PE 16	INDICATOR		
PE 16.1	Describe your organisation's approach to disclosing ESG incidents in private equity investments to your investor clients (LPs).		investments

PE 16	EXPLANATORY NOTES	
	You may include a discussion of:	
	Policy and procedures followed if an incident occurs and how you inform the investor	
	The types of incidents or events that determine whether you consider it appropriate to disclose it to the investor immediately, or as soon as reasonably practical	
	The types of disclosure investors could expect to get in the event of a significant incident or event	
	Whether certain circumstances will trigger the investors to discuss ESG issues with investment professionals and/or portfolio company management	
DE 40.4	How portfolio companies to report ESG incidents to you	
PE 16.1	How you assess the incident and the actions required to address it	
	How you communicate that incident and actions to the LP.	
	 Describe the types of disclosure that an LP could expect to get at the time of an incident, during its management and after it has been resolved (taking into account related confidentiality considerations) 	
	The content of this indicator overlaps with:	
	 PRI LP Responsible Investment DDQ 4.3 PRI Monitoring/Reporting guidance 3.1, 3.2 	
LOGIC		
PE 16	[PE 16] relates specifically to communication and incident reporting to investor clients. It is therefore applicable only to general partners (GPs)/PE fund managers. It is not applicable for coinvesting asset owners (AOs)/limited partners (LPs).	